



MUNSON AND McNAMARA

123 and 125 MAIN STREET.

THIS WEEK

Just Half Price for all of our

Children and Misses Cloaks.

We have but 42 of these Little

Cloaks and will sell them out this week at

50c on the \$1.

MUNSON AND McNAMARA

Philadelphia Store

Corner Douglas av. and Market St.

Four Special Bargains This Week.

One lot 42 pair of full 12-4 all wool White Blankets for \$5 a pair, fully worth \$10. These are the largest size made and an extra quality.

One lot 84 pair all wool 11-4 Scarlet Blankets which we will close out at \$3.50 a pair. Never sold before under \$6 00.

One lot 10 pieces fast color Turkey Red Table Linen 25c a yard. It cannot be duplicated at 50c.

One lot 33 dozen Ladies and Childrens All Wool Red Mittens at 10c a pair,

A. KATZ.

S. W. Corner Douglas Ave. and Market St.

GEN. LOGAN'S REMAINS.

Sad, Tearful Scenes in the Chamber of the Dead Statesman

Incident to Their Removal From Calumet Place to the Capitol.

A Most Pathetic Invocation of Rev. Dr. Newman Offered by the Bier of the Soldier-Statesman

For the Bestowal of Divine Grace Upon Loved Ones and Friends Now so Sadly Bereft.

Organization of the Funeral Procession and Order of March Arranged by Gen. P. H. Sheridan, Marshal.

LYING IN STATE.

Gen. Logan's Remains Borne to the Capitol Amid the Silence of the Throng.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 30.—At an early hour this morning workmen were busily engaged in draping the vast rotunda of the Capitol and in erecting the bier upon which was to rest the casket containing the remains of the late Senator Logan. Upon this bier have lain state Presidents Lincoln and Garfield, Chief Justice Chase and Representative Thad Stevens. The heavy black drapery with which it is covered, however, has been previously used on a similar occasion; it was found in one of the senate crypts with an inscription attached to it stating that it had covered the bier on which President Lincoln was laid in state, and it was thought appropriate that it should serve the same sad office for another distinguished son of Illinois.

At 11 o'clock the undertaker and his assistants withdrew from the death chamber in the mansion and immediately the family were summoned and for a brief time were left alone with their dead. Then the lids were fastened in place; the ample folds of a garrison flag were arranged about the casket and tied in place with ribbons of white; flowers and palm branches placed on its top; the last offices of love and respect were performed by the loving hands of the only son; all being in readiness for the more formal but still private leave-taking, the doors were opened and the widow, supported by her son and followed by the daughter and her husband, the grandson and other relatives and near friends of the deceased to the number of fifteen or twenty entered. Mrs. Logan knelt sobbing at the head of the casket, and when the others had entered and the door closed, the voice of the pastor was wrapped in prayer:

DR. NEWMAN'S INVOCATION.

"Our Father, we gather here to take the last farewell of the one we love, and e'er that form is borne hence from the home he loved, we direct to praise Thee for the purvey, for the joy, for the peace of this once happy home; we praise Thee for his undivided and constant love for this precious woman, the joy of his youth and the pride of his manhood; and we pray Thee that tender and constant fatherly love for this son in whom he took such pride and for this daughter whom he so fondly cherished. We bless Thee, therefore, for this sweet home which is more to these dear ones than all public applause, than all the eclat of the outside world, and now we have nowhere else to go but unto Thee in this day of trouble. Thou art sovereign over all; Thou givest and Thou hast taken away, and blessed be Thy holy name. We are assured that Thou hast taken him to Thyself, and that when the years shall have passed by there shall be a reunion around the throne in heaven. We thank Thee for his glorious hope of immortality; we thank Thee that he received the sacraments of the death and the resurrection of Jesus, in whom he trusted, and we praise Thee that his last end was peaceful, and now while we bless Thee for all his private virtues and all his public and heroic deeds, we pray Thee as we gather in this sorrowful domestic circle to pour the infinite consolations of Thy grace upon these precious ones, and grant that from out this dark cloud they may yet see the Father smiling face, and may yet realize that these sorrows are after all designed for the unfolding of a higher form of character and for the betterment of grander virtues."

Now we ask Thy blessing again upon these precious ones, that their future may be in Thy gracious care; that all their unfolding years may be ordered by Thee; that when this brief life is done it may be well done, and that at last they may be gathered on the banks of the shining river where sorrow shall be no more, and where joy shall be eternal. Answer us, we humbly beseech Thee, and Thy name shall have the praise, world without end. Amen.

The silence was broken only by the sobs of the stricken ones, and then they raised the almost fainting form of the widow and led her away; the remaining stayed for a last sight of the beloved form, and with their departure ended the family's custody of the statesman's remains.

The committee now took formal charge of the remains. The sergeant at arms superintended the closing of the casket and its slow and orderly removal from the chamber of death down the broad stairway between the lines of the uncovered casket and its placing in the hearse. Fifes and muffled drums sounded a salute which merged into the air of "Nearer, my God, to Thee," and with the word forward the hearse, preceded by the pastor's carriage alone, surrounded by platoons of Grand Army men in uniform, and followed by a long procession of carriages, moved slowly down the hill and to the Capitol.

THE FUNERAL PROCESSION.

The following orders for the formation and conduct of the funeral procession were made today:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The marshal announces the following orders and arrangements for the formation and movement of the funeral procession of the late General John A. Logan on Friday, December 31, 1886:

1. The first division will assemble on the plaza east of the Capitol at 12 o'clock, noon, and be formed in line facing west with its right resting opposite the senate wing.

2. The second division, consisting entirely of carriages, will be parked in the plaza east of the Capitol.

3. The third division will assemble on

First D street, northwest, the left resting on Indiana avenue, at 12:30 o'clock p. m. and be formed in line facing east with its right resting on B street.

4. Immediately on the conclusion of the ceremonies the first and second divisions will move successively from their places around the north front of the Capitol to Pennsylvania avenue. The third division will move into and westwardly on Pennsylvania avenue. The third division will move into column when its right is uncovered by the second division. The military organizations of the first division will be formed into columns by companies or platoons after turning into Pennsylvania avenue, and the column will move westwardly on Pennsylvania avenue to 13th street, 15th street to Vermont avenue, Vermont avenue to Rhode Island avenue, Rhode Island to 7th street, 7th street to Rock Creek cemetery.

5. The organization of divisions and order of procession will be as follows: Lieut-Gen. P. M. Sheridan, Marshal Chief of Staff. Brevet Brigadier General Albert Ordway, U. S. A. Aides-de-Camp: Lieut-Colonel M. V. Sheridan, U. S. A. Lieut-Colonel Sanford C. Kellogg, U. S. A. Lieut-Colonel Stanhope Elmont, U. S. A. Brevet Maj. Munroe Murrell, U. S. A.

FIRST DIVISION. Battalion of Third U. S. Artillery, Col. H. G. Gibson. Light Battery C, 3rd U. S. Artillery, Capt. D. J. Turnbull. Battalion U. S. Marine Corps, Capt. F. H. Harrington. Detachment U. S. Seamen, Lieut-Commander W. W. Rhodes, District Militia.

Grand Army of the Republic. SECOND DIVISION. Senate Committee of Arrangements. Hearse. Pallbearers. Family of Deceased. Senators, Representatives. Officers of the Army and Navy. Committee of Veterans. Committee Military Order of the Loyal Legion. Committee Grand Army Republic. Committee Citizens of Illinois.

THIRD DIVISION. Clerks Pension Bureau. Other Organizations.

6. Organizations assigned to the first division will proceed to their places by B street south of the Capitol grounds and report to staff officers, who will be found at the corner of New Jersey avenue and B street, southeast.

7. Carriages of the second division will proceed by the road through the grounds south of the Capitol and report to staff officers, who will be found at the steps of the central portico on the east front.

8. Organizations assigned to the third division or desired to join, will report to staff officers who will be found at the corner of First and B streets, northwest.

By command of GEN. P. H. SHERIDAN, Marshal. TO ALBERT ORDWAY, Chief of Staff.

ORDER OF THE DAY. The senatorial committee of funeral arrangements have issued the following order of the day for tomorrow:

Senators, representatives, and all other persons invited are entitled to admission to the floor of the senate, including the committee of the G. A. R. Loyal Legion, and the veterans of the Mexican war are requested to be in the places assigned to them fifteen minutes before 12 o'clock; the speaker, if present, at the right hand of the presiding officer; the clergy at the desk of the secretary. At ten minutes before 12 o'clock promptly the following persons in the order named will be received without announcement at the south door of the senate chamber and be shown to the seats assigned them:

1. The president and his cabinet. 2. The supreme court. 3. The diplomatic corps. 4. The committee of senators. 5. Committee of representatives. 6. The family and relatives to be admitted at north door nearest the vice-president's room and followed by the presiding officer. 7. The pallbearers.

At 12 o'clock promptly upon the announcement of the presiding officer the clergy will conduct the funeral ceremony and at 1 o'clock, or as soon as the ceremonies are closed, the sergeant-at-arms will form and conduct the funeral procession in the following order: The Clergy and Medical Attendant. The Pallbearers. The Hearse. Committee on Senate and House of Representatives. The Family and attendants. The President and Cabinet. The Supreme Court. The Diplomatic Corps. The Senators. Representatives. Officers of Senate. Governors of States and Other Invited Persons.

Committees of the G. A. R., etc. The entire procession, civil and military, under command of Lieut-General P. H. Sheridan, to be formed and moved in the order commanded by him.

The president has directed that while the remains of the late Senator Logan are lying in state, the flags on the days on which the buildings will be displayed at half mast and that they so remain until the ceremony is ended.

An order was issued at the interior department today allowing all members of the Grand Army employed in the department who wish to attend the funeral of Gen. Logan, to be absent all day tomorrow.

It is impossible to even roughly estimate the number of people who have passed through the rotunda of the Capitol to pay the last mark of respect to the remains of Gen. Logan. Those who have been in attendance since the body was placed on the bier say: We cannot tell how many have passed; thousands and thousands have been here; no one can estimate the number. When the lid was lifted from the casket shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon about 8,000 people were outside the doors of the Capitol. A large number of ladies passed through the rotunda also, as did many colored people.

At a late hour this evening a stream of people is slowly and steadily passing the coffin and the monotonous movement is broken by the periodic action of reliefs of the guard. At the head and foot of the bier are stationed an artilleryman and a marine who stand erect, passive and motionless, as if unconscious of everything going on around them. On either side of the bier stand the guard of honor detailed by the different organizations of which Gen. Logan was a member.

In Kindly Remembrance.

OTTAWA, Kan., Dec. 30.—At a meeting of the executive board of the Sunday School assembly the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Resolved, That it is with profound sorrow that we learn of the sudden and unexpected death of Gen. John A. Logan, who was the distinguished guest of this assembly at its meeting last July and one of its principal orators on Grand Army day who so greatly delighted by his presence and address the 30,000 citizens who were present to hear him.

Resolved, That in his death the United

States senate has lost one of its most valued members, who was always wise in council and patriotic in action; the nation a citizen possessing the elements in an eminent degree of a leader, statesman and soldier. Resolved, That we extend to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy and direct that a copy of this be forwarded to Mrs. Logan.

The Logan Fund.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The subscriptions to the Logan fund received today are as follows: Morton, Bliss & Co., \$1,000; Henry C. Bower, \$500; Horace White of the New York Evening Post, \$100; John R. McLean, Cincinnati, \$500; Edwin T. Stewart, Philadelphia, \$100; Edwin N. Benson, Philadelphia, \$300; E. W. Clarke & Co., at Philadelphia, \$100; Charles Smith, Philadelphia, \$100; Sidney L. Wilson, Washington, \$25; total \$2,665.

The following telegram was received from Boston:

Geo. E. Lemon, Washington. At the suggestion of Mr. Lodge we have opened a popular subscription for the Logan fund, the receipts from which will be duly forwarded to you.

[Signed] BOSTON EVENING RECORD. CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Ex-Congressman Charles B. Farwell, who interested himself in an attempt to raise \$30,000 to enable Mrs. Logan to pay off all debts left by her husband, devoted some time to the matter today with most encouraging success. So far as could be learned the subscriptions obtained since Wednesday were: C. B. Farwell \$2,000; H. N. Higginbotham \$2,000; Mathew Logan \$1,000; N. K. Fairbanks \$1,000; two other gentlemen \$1,000. Besides Mr. Farwell one or two others have undertaken to procure subscriptions for the same purpose and it is probable that more money than the above reported has already been subscribed. This movement is entirely distinct from the one started several days ago in different parts of the country to raise a fund of \$100,000 for Mrs. Logan, the main object of which is to place her in comfortable financial circumstances in her Washington home. The effort to raise \$30,000 will be only among the business men of this city. Wm. Penn Nixon, treasurer of the Logan fund, sent to Mrs. Logan \$650 as the result of their day's collections in this city for the \$100,000 tribute.

MADE CLEAN BREAST.

One of the Wyandotte Train Wreckers Tells the Whole Story.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 30.—In the Hamilton's trial at Wyandotte this morning, William Vossen, one of the accused, made clean breast of it, swearing to the circumstances of the wrecking of the train as they have been published. He testified that Lloyd pulled the spikes, aided by Newport, while Hamilton, Vossen and others stood guard. Vossen testified that he was in the R. of L. hall in Kansas City, Kan., on the night of April 25th; a dozen others dropped in during the evening to get any news of the strike.

About 11 o'clock wings went back a second time to the hall. Hamilton was displaying himself to the party in a disguise of wig and clothes. Lloyd said to the witness: Are you going with us tonight? Witness asked where. Lloyd replied: Not where, come and go with us. Soon after all went down and took a drink together, then eight in the party—Hamilton, Lloyd, Newport, Geers, Leary, Riggs, Varner and the witness—set out together. The party separated into two squads and repaired to the river, crossing over the Sixth street bridge. Hamilton was in the rear. When they reached the curve on the railroad track it was about 1 o'clock. They halted, and Lloyd began to pull up the spikes. Witness wanted them to go further along if they must do the job. He objected to pulling the spikes on the curve for fear it would kill the whole crew on the train. Lloyd said: Damn them, I want to kill the whole crew.

Hamilton and Vossen then went further north to guard and Geers and Leary went in the other direction; Riggs and Varner in the meantime had deserted them. Several shots were fired at a passing train from the bluff above, just before the party set to work and Vossen and Hamilton wanted to give the thing up, but Lloyd said it should go through.

While witness and Hamilton were standing guard Lloyd came up and said the thing was done. Newport then threw the crow bar into the river. The party scattered for home and witness went to bed. Witness saw Hamilton a day or two afterwards and the latter said: Keep in cover, lots of Pinkerton men around. Cross examination did not shake Vossen's testimony; his appearance gave the impression that they had led him into the plot rather against his will, and he had now made up his mind to tell the whole story just as it occurred.

Vossen was questioned somewhat as to any possible knowledge of the crime by the members of the lodge in general, but nothing was elicited showing that any persons were parties to it except those already named. The testimony, however, indicated by inference that the matter had been talked about by those who happened to be in the hall on the night in question. Hamilton's wife and little child are in attendance at the court, and the latter sat upon its father's knee during much of the day.

Brewers Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—The brewers' strike began today at Beatty; all the brewer's operations were suspended, though at that of John P. Betz & Co. business was progressing as usual.

This afternoon Messrs. Wright and Hatters of the executive board of District Assembly No. 1, called on the secretary of the brewers' association and assured him that the strike as far as the beer wagon drivers was concerned, was illegal and without the authority of the executive board or the District Assembly. It was further said that if the wagon drivers refused to return to work within a given time, they would be suspended as an assembly of the R. of L. and their charter would be revoked. The committee from the District Assembly also assured the committee that they would supply them with all the experienced wagon drivers that might be needed at twenty-four hours notice. On behalf of the association this offer was accepted by the secretary. The wages of the drivers were not affected in the list recently posted by the brewers.

Cameron a Candidate.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—A special from Harrisburg, Pa., says: Friends of Senator Ben Cameron, who would have supported Logan for the presidency in 1888 had the latter lived, met in that city recently. They were unwilling to support Blaine and will press Cameron as a candidate for the nomination. The latter it is said will make an effort to secure the nomination.

Cholera Abating.

VALPARAISO, Dec. 30.—Cholera in Mexico is somewhat abated. Tuesday forty-four new cases and eighteen deaths were reported.

KANSAS HEADS THE LIST

Of the 8,010 Miles of Railroad Which Were Built During the Year 1886.

Kansas Heads The Procession With Fifteen Hundred and Twenty Miles.

Judge Gresham Refuses to Turn Over the Wabash Lines in Illinois to the Purchasing Committee.

Judge Treat, of St. Louis, on the Contrary, Directs the Committee to Pay the Dues.

And Receive the Property Purchase—Orders of the Latter Court in Detail Given Yesterday.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 31, 1 a. m.—The following are the indications for Missouri: Rain or snow, northwesterly winds, slightly cooler.

For Kansas: Snow, colder, northwesterly winds.

Happy Hutchinson.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE DAILY EAGLE. HUTCHINSON, Kan., Dec. 30.—Hon. C. C. Hutchinson, the founder of the city and the man who did so much in the early days of this city to boom and build it up, has just arrived from California and will probably once more make his home with us. The old settlers are rejoiced to welcome this gentleman here and a public reception and entertainment will be tendered him in a few days.

At our board of trade meeting last night some very important projects were suggested and put on foot that will tend to assist greatly in prospering our growing city.

RAILROAD RACKET.

Kansas Heads the Procession. CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 30.—The Railway Age says: During the last year 8,010 miles of new main line railway track has been built in the United States. Kansas leads the country with the surprising amount of 1,520 miles. Present indications are that the year 1887 will show even greater activity.

Refused the Petition. CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Judge Gresham this afternoon refused to grant the petition to turn over the Chicago & St. Louis branch of the Wabash road to the purchasing committee.

Put Up and Take It. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 30.—Judge Treat this afternoon directed the purchasing committee of the Wabash road to pay the remaining \$1,000,000 of purchase money to the receivers and he would turn over to them the property bought by them.

Conforming to Gresham's Orders. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 30.—In anticipation of an important expression by Judge Brewer and Treat on the affairs of the Wabash railroad today, a large number of prominent railroad officials and attorneys were present at the opening of the United States circuit court. Judge Brewer, immediately upon the opening of the court, said that during the last two days the receivers of the Wabash railroad had reported to the court the record decision of Judge Gresham, and that the court has also received a petition from the purchasing committee, urging the propriety of the appointment of Messrs. Tutt and Humphreys, as had been proved by their excellent management of the property. As appears from certified copies, Judge Brewer continued, presented to us, the circuit court of the seventh judicial circuit, disregarding the comity that has heretofore existed between federal courts, has removed these receivers and has appointed a distinguished citizen of Michigan, as their successor of the lines within the jurisdiction of this court.

The judge then read the following: 1. The receivers will relinquish all roads east of the Mississippi river to Receiver Cooley. We understand that there are lines east of the Mississippi river not in the terms of that order—roads that begin nowhere and end nowhere. It also appears that every one of such roads except one has been operated at a loss, so the order will be that they will cease to operate all lines east of the Mississippi river, whose earnings shall be less than expenses, unless they are given within 30 days a guarantee against loss in the operation of such lines. 2. They will deliver to Receiver Cooley all books of account of such roads. 3. The receivers will retain possession of all monies in their hands, or that may hereafter come into their hands, subject to the order of this court. 4. The receivers will surrender to Receiver Cooley all rolling stock, covered by the mortgages on the lines surrendered. 5. The operation of the lines in the hands of the receivers will make the best arrangement possible with Receiver Cooley and all other parties for the transfer of business. 6. The officers and employees under them will confine themselves to such employment, in other words, if there is to be an independent administration across the river, it provides the officers and employees to carry on such independent management. 7. There will be no disposal of the cases pending in this court as to any parties or interests or causes of action, or any relinquishment of any jurisdiction which is now vested in this court. 8. And this refers to the requirement of the court in respect to the purchasing committee; the purchasing committee could be directed to pay within sixty days into the treasury of this court \$100,000 in cash for receiver's certificates and to give bond in the sum of \$100,000 to pay the further awards and to comply with all further orders of this court, and to then take possession of the entire property, subject to the right of this court to revoke possession on non-compliance with further orders, and also subject to all the terms and provisions of the final decree and the order of confirmation.

The lines east of the river, the operation of which will be abandoned under the order printed above unless the receivers are guaranteed against loss, are the following: Ed River railroad, Detroit, Butler, & St. Louis railroad, Attica, Covington & Southern, Springfield & Northwestern, Peoria, Pekin & Jacksonville, Pike County railroad, Champaign & Southern and the Division county railroad. The

rolling stock ordered to be turned over to Judge Cooley will not, it is said, be sufficient to operate the roads. He will have control of most of that covered by the mortgages on the lines east of the river, which have long ago been worn out or so devoted that it cannot be recovered.

Mail Trains Snowed In. NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Owing to the snow storms today trains from the west were all behind time. The through mails by the way of Pittsburgh failed entirely to make connections and the Pennsylvania Central brought no mails from the far west.

Gen. W. W. Loring, Pasha, formerly of the United States army and of the Confederate army, and later commander of Loring's corps in the Egyptian army, died at the St. Denis hotel tonight.

THE EXPRESS ROBBERY.

All but About One Thousand Dollars Recovered.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 30.—Superintendent Damsel, of the Adams Express company at St. Louis, arrived here this morning with Mrs. Haight. On the strength of a confession made by Robert Pinkerton acted upon by going to Leavenworth. There he recovered \$9,500 more which was found buried in sealed cans in different parts of the city. Mr. Pinkerton returned here tonight, he states that all but about \$1,000 has been recovered and half of that sum was spent by the robbers. He says he will not make any further arrests before consulting the attorneys.

Wittrock is domiciled in room 15 of the St. James hotel tonight under guard of the detectives. Robert Pinkerton states that \$3,000 in money was recovered here yesterday, with a quantity of diamonds that had been purchased. He says that he expects to remain here a day or two longer and then take the prisoners to St. Louis.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Dec. 30.—Robert Pinkerton with four assistants in charge of Mrs. W. W. Haight, arrested at Nashville, Tenn., together with Mr. Damsel, superintendent of the Adams Express company, arrived here this morning at 10 o'clock. They went to the Planter's house and took rooms where they were cloistered most of the day. An interview with Robert Pinkerton at the depot waiting for the train elicited the fact that \$8,000 was secured here today; that it was found buried in the ground in the outskirts of the city. He refused to state further concerning the same. It was understood further that \$1,000 of this amount was secured from Charles Chattle, a saloon keeper, at the corner of Fifth and Miami streets, when Wittrock was last at Kansas City. He sent Oscar Cook here to see him, asking him to come there, stating that he (Wittrock) was in trouble at Kansas City. Wittrock gave Chattle \$1,200, with instructions to give it to Mrs. Wittrock to keep for him, making him a present of \$1,000 to do the work. Chattle gave up this amount today. It is claimed that the other \$2,000 was found at Mrs. Mast's residence, the mother of Mrs. Haight. The detectives at the Kansas City at 7 p. m. It is rumored that Mrs. Haight was taken to Atchison by one of the detectives at 6:10 p. m. on the Missouri Pacific.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Two thousand dollars of the money stolen by the Jim Cummings train robbery was recovered here today. The money was recovered from a Chicago printer whose name is withheld by the detectives. He is the man who printed the official letter heads of the Adams Express company, by means of which Wittrock gained admission to the express car. The printer says Wittrock approached him with the request to do this work. Wittrock explained that it would enable him to obtain passes upon which he could travel over the country. Suspecting nothing criminal, the printer complied. Shortly afterward he was sent the man mentioned, which he kept intact, knowing it must have been part of the proceeds of the robbery.

CAPITAL BUDGET. SO TO BE ABOUT. WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 30.—The president's health is improving daily. He presided at the cabinet meeting today.

PORTAL POINTS. The following named fourth class post-offices will be raised to the presidential class on January 1: Waterville, Kan.; Wichita, Kan.; Bill Hill, Neb.; Ord, Neb. The salaries of the postmasters will be raised from \$1,000 to \$1,200 per annum.

OVER THE OCEAN.

England. LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Marquis of Salisbury, after an interview with Lord Hartington tomorrow, will hold an informal council for the purpose of rearranging the cabinet. Lord Charles Beresford is to be the junior lord of the Admiralty. The Right Hon. Henry Smith, secretary for war, is to take Lord Randolph Churchill's place as leader of the Conservatives in the house of commons.

Lord Hartington, Joseph Chamberlain and Gen. J. G. Gouken had a conference today; they found themselves equally eager to join in a coalition cabinet, and all three decided to support the Conservative government.

Mr. Parnell resumed work today, being engaged for several hours in the London offices of the Nationalist party. He hopes to be able to go to Dublin next week, as he desires to hold a private consultation with Messrs. Dillon and Holliday and other prominent Nationalists.

Prussia. BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The removal of the snow which fell in the late storm revealed an appalling loss of life. Many travelers were overtaken by the storm. Fifty bodies have been found in Saxony, thirty in Thuringia and forty in southern Germany. It is estimated that the total loss of life will not be less than two hundred.

Portugal. LISBON, Dec. 30.—Five persons were killed and a number of firemen were injured today at a fire which destroyed a large block of buildings in this city.

The City Needs the Bridge. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 30.—The board of United States engineers appointed by the war department to take testimony on the subject of building a bridge across the Mississippi river at this point finished their hearing of the matter this afternoon and were unanimous in their opinion that the city needed a bridge besides the present one, but reserved their decision as to whether it should be a high or low one.

War in Mexico. NOGALLES, Ariz., Dec. 30.—A report has reached here that Mexican troops and revolutionists have had a terrible fight in Nogales, Mexico, and many were killed on both sides. The report has not yet been confirmed.